Part IV Feb. 11, 2018

# Jude

"Jude's way of understanding the present danger is by tracing its origins in the past apocalyptic records." —Phillip H. Towner

# The Mercy & Judgement of God

"The Authority of Jesus to Judge"

#### Introduction

- In v.1-2, Jude has reminded his audience of their mutual identity in relation to Jesus Christ.
- In v.3, he has exhorted believers to contend for the faith which was delivered to them.
- The basis for this exhortation is given in v.4 as they are warned about false teachers within their midst.

He will now recall examples from the OT and other Jewish writings to show that God has \_\_\_\_\_\_sin in the past, and will do so again in the future.

The Chiastic Structure of the Book of Jude		
A. The(v.1-2)		
B. The(v.3)		
C. The(v.4)		
C <sup>1</sup> The Warning(v.5-19)		
B <sup>1</sup> The Exhortation(v.20-23)		
A <sup>1</sup> The(v.24-25)		

## Old Testament Examples of Judgement—Jude 5-7

<sup>5</sup> Now I want to remind you, although you once fully knew it, that Jesus, who saved a people out of the land of Egypt, afterward destroyed those who did not believe. <sup>6</sup> And the angels who did not stay within their own position of authority, but left their proper dwelling, he has kept in eternal chains under gloomy darkness until the judgment of the great day—<sup>7</sup> just as Sodom and Gomorrah and the surrounding cities, which likewise indulged in sexual immorality and pursued unnatural desire, serve as an example by undergoing a punishment of eternal fire.

#### The Importance of Being Reminded

"Now I want to remind you..."  $\longrightarrow$ 

"remind"—ὑπομιμνήσκω (hypomimnēskō)—to cause one to remember, bring to remembrance, recall to mind. This term is in the infinitive tense, indicating that this is not a one-time reminder, but is something that is to continue.

"...even though you have been fully informed of these facts once for all ..." (NET Bible)

• They have been instructed regarding the  $\_\_\_\_$  of the faith and warned of the coming of  $\_\_\_\_$  (v.17)

#### The Agent of God's Judgement

- "...Jesus..." Some translations (NASB, NIV, KJV) say "the Lord" in v.5, others (ESV, NLT, NET Bible) follow the early manuscript traditions (4th-5th century) which specify "the Lord" as "Jesus."
  - ⇒ The use of Jesus' proper name highlights His pre-existence and illustrates for the churches that He has been the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of God's judgement in the past.

#### Three Examples of God's Judgement

#### Example #1—The Generation who experienced \_\_\_\_

- "...Jesus, who saved a people out of the land of Egypt, afterward destroyed those who did not believe."
- God's judgment fell upon that generation on several different occasions and for a variety of reasons:
  - 1. Exod. 32—The immediate breaking of God's commands regarding worship (3,000 killed)
  - 2. Num. 11:32-35.—The gratifying of their cravings in a gluttonous and idolatrous ways (undisclosed number killed)
  - 3. Num. 14:1-23—The rebellion against the Lord in refusing to enter into The Promised Land (the entire generation will perish)

Num. 14:21-23—21 But truly, as I live, and as all the earth shall be filled with the glory of the Lord, 22 none of the men who have seen my glory and my signs that I did in Egypt and in the wilderness, and yet have put me to the test these ten times and have not obeyed my voice, 23 shall see the land that I swore to give to their fathers. And none of those who despised me shall see it.

4. Num. 25:1-9—The indulgence in sexual sin and idolatry with the women of Moab (24,000 killed)

<u>Point of Emphasis:</u> Jesus is the one who \_\_\_\_\_ the unbelieving from among His people.

Example #2—The Fa	allen of Genesis 6:	:1-4	
"And the angels who a	· ·	ion of authority, but left their proper dwelling, he has kept in eternal chains under	
• Jewish tradition, particularly the work of 1 Enoch, interpreted Gen. 6:1-4 as describing an incident in the past where angels ("the sons of God") took human form and came to earth and engaged in sexual activity with women.			
"First Enoch documents one interpretation that the "sons of God" were fallen angels who through cross-species sexual relations introduced unprecedented evil into the human gene pool that motivated God to cause the great flood."—Karen H. Jobes			
"he has kept in eteri	nal chains"— The reality that ce of Jesus' post-deat	rtain fallen angels are imprisoned helps us to make sense of Peter's description h/pre-resurrection visit to the "spirits in prison" mentioned in 1 Pet. 3:18-20.	
Poir	nt of Emphasis: Jesus is the or	ne who has these rebellious angels.	
Example #3—Sodon	ı and Gomorrah		
"just as Sodom and Gomorrah and the surrounding cities, which likewise indulged in sexual immorality and pursued unnatural desire, serve as an example by undergoing a punishment of eternal fire."			
	connection drawn between the sin cities which must also be identified	of the fallen angles and that of the inhabitants of Sodom & Gomorrah and d as sexual immorality.	
"unnatural desire	"— Other versions translate this	s phrase "strange flesh" or "flesh of another kind," which are more literal renderings.	
	(1) The sin that Jude has in mind i (2) The sexual sin that Jude has in	is sexual in nature. 1 mind is in some sense "unnatural."	
⇒ While Eze tions hav	ek. 16:49 emphasizes the excess wea e historically identified the sin of S	alth and pride of Sodom & Gomorrah, both Jewish (Josephus, Philo) and Christian tradi- Sodom and Gomorrah with homosexual activity in light of the account of Genesis 19:1-11.	
<u>Point</u>	of Emphasis: Jesus is the one	who has made an of Sodom and Gomorrah.	
Making Sense of Jud	le's Examples		
1. Taken together, these	three examples illustrate Jesus'	' over all of Creation.	
The example of Isra	ael <del></del>		
The example of the Fallen Angels -			
The example of Soc	lom & Gomorrah →		
2. Each of these example	s demonstrates that those who	against Jesus' authority will experience His judgement.	
(1) Temporal Judgi	ment: <u>Heb. 12:4-8</u>	<u>Rev. 2:5</u>	
(2) Eternal Judgmo	ent: <u>2 Thess. 1:6-9</u>	<u>Rev. 19:11-15</u>	
3. These examples demor	nstrate that rebellion against Jo	esus' authority will frequently manifest itself as sin.	
Among Unbeliever	s: <u>Rom. 1:18-27</u>		

### Questions for Reflection

Among Believers:

- 2. 3·

1 Cor. 5:3-12

Which of these examples of God's judgement is most striking to me? Has there been a time in your life where your rebellion against God manifested itself in sexual sin? What are the small battles that I need to be fighting against sin so that I man not fighting larger battles later?